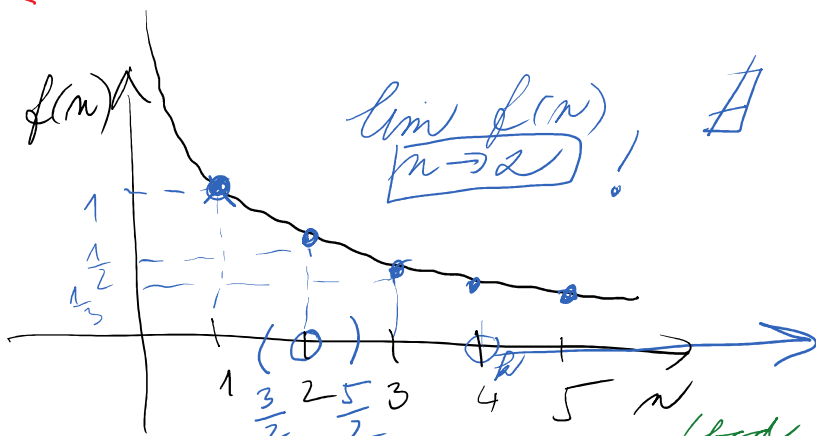


$$f: \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$a_n = f(n)$$

1)  $a_n = \frac{1}{n}$



2)  $a_n = 3 \cdot 2^{n-1}$  ✓

$$a_1 = 3 \cdot 1$$

$$a_2 = 3 \cdot 2$$

$$a_3 = 3 \cdot 2^2$$

$$S_{10} = a_1 \cdot \frac{1-2^{10}}{1-2}$$

$\mathcal{O}_{\frac{1}{2}}(2) = \left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2}\right) - \{2\}$  nie je hromadný bod  $\mathbb{N}$

$a = \infty$   $\mathcal{O}_k(\infty) = (k, \infty)$  jediný hromadný bod  $\mathbb{N}$

$$a_n = 2 \cdot a_{n-1}$$

GEOMETRICKÁ  $\frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} = q$  (KVOCIENT)

ARITMETICKÁ  $a_{n+1} - a_n = d$  (DIFERENCIA)

## LIMITA POSTUPNOSTI

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{5}{n}\right)^n =$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\frac{n}{5}}\right)^n =$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\frac{n}{5}}\right)^{\frac{n}{5} \cdot 5} = \left[ \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\frac{n}{5}}\right)^{\frac{n}{5}} \right]^5$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^n = e$$

$n \rightarrow \infty$

$\sim 1$

$\lfloor n \rightarrow \infty$

$$t = \frac{n}{5}$$

$n \rightarrow \infty$

$$\left[ \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{t} \right)^t \right]^5 = e^5$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( 1 + \frac{k}{n} \right)^n = e^k$$