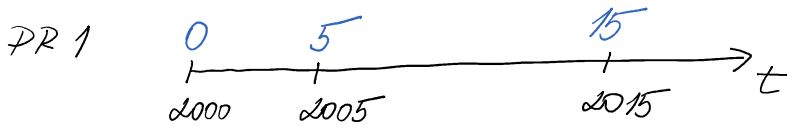


## EXPONENCIÁLNY RAST



$$Q(0) = 60$$

$$Q(5) = 90$$

$$Q(15) = ?$$

$$Q(t) = Q_0 e^{kt}$$

$$Q(0) = Q_0 \cdot e^{k \cdot 0} = Q_0 = 60$$

$$Q(t) = 60 e^{kt}$$

$$Q(5) = 60 e^{k \cdot 5} = 90 \quad | :60$$

$$e^{k \cdot 5} = \frac{3}{2} \quad | \ln(\ )$$

$$\ln e^{k \cdot 5} = \ln \frac{3}{2}$$

$$5k \cdot \ln e = \ln \frac{3}{2}$$

$$5k = \ln \frac{3}{2} \quad | :5$$

$$k = \frac{1}{5} \ln \frac{3}{2}$$

$$Q(t) = 60 \cdot e^{\left(\frac{1}{5} \ln \frac{3}{2}\right) \cdot t}$$

$$Q(15) = 60 e^{\left(\frac{1}{5} \ln \frac{3}{2}\right) \cdot 15} = 60 e^{3 \ln \frac{3}{2}} =$$

$$= 60 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^3 = 60 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^3 =$$

$$= 202,5 \text{ miliónov}$$

$$\log_a x^n = n \cdot \log_a x$$

PR 2

$$Q(0) = 2000$$

$$Q\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = 6000$$

$$Q(1) = ?$$

t ... hodiny

20 minút  $t = \frac{1}{3}$

$$Q(t) = Q_0 e^{kt}$$

$$Q(0) = Q_0 \cdot e^{k \cdot 0} = Q_0 = 2000$$

$$Q(t) = 2000 e^{kt}$$

$$Q\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = 2000 e^{k \cdot \frac{1}{3}} = 6000 \quad | :2000$$

$$e^{\frac{1}{3} \cdot k} = 3 \quad | \ln(\ )$$

$$\frac{1}{3} k = \ln 3$$

$$k = 3 \ln 3$$

$$Q(t) = 2000 \cdot e^{(3 \ln 3)t} = 2000 e^{(\ln 3^3)t} =$$

$$= 2000 \left(e^{\ln 27}\right)^t = 2000 \cdot 27^t$$

$$(x^m)^n = x^{m \cdot n}$$

$$Q(1) = 2000 \cdot 27^1 = 54\,000$$

## EXPONENCIÁLNE KLESANIE

PR 2  $Q(t) = Q_0 \cdot e^{-0,003t}$

$$Q_0 \xrightarrow{t} \frac{Q_0}{2}$$

$$Q_0 e^{-0,003t} = \frac{Q_0}{2}$$

$$e^{-0,003t} = \frac{1}{2} \quad | \ln(\ )$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = 2^{-1}$$

$$\boxed{-0,003t} = \ln \frac{1}{2} = \ln 2^{-1} = \boxed{-1 \ln 2} \quad | \cdot (-1)$$

$$0,003t = \ln 2 \quad | \cdot \frac{1000}{3} \quad | : 0,003$$

$$t = \frac{1000}{3} \ln 2$$

$$t = \underline{231,049 \text{ rokov}}$$

PR 3

$$Q_0 \xrightarrow{t=1690} \frac{Q_0}{2}$$

$$Q(1690) = \frac{Q_0}{2}$$

$$Q(t) = Q_0 e^{-kt}$$

$$Q_0 e^{-k \cdot 1690} = \frac{Q_0}{2} \quad | : Q_0$$

$$e^{-1690k} = \frac{1}{2} \quad | \ln(\ ) \quad \frac{1}{2} = 2^{-1}$$

$$-1690k = \ln \frac{1}{2} = -\ln 2 \quad | \cdot (-1)$$

$$1690k = \ln 2 \quad | : 1690$$

$$k = \frac{\ln 2}{1690} \doteq 0,0004$$

$$Q(t) = Q_0^{=50} e^{-0,0004t} \quad Q_0 = 50 \xrightarrow{t=2} 5$$

$$50 e^{-0,0004t} = 5 \quad | : 50$$

$$e^{-0,0004t} = \frac{1}{10} \quad | \ln(\ ) \quad \frac{1}{10} = 10^{-1}$$

$$-0,0004t = \ln \frac{1}{10} = -\ln 10 \quad | \cdot (-1)$$

$$0,0004t = \ln 10$$

$$t = \frac{\ln 10}{0,0004}$$

$$t = \underline{5616,06 \text{ rokov}}$$

$$\text{PR1} \quad \begin{aligned} Q(t) &= Q_0 e^{-0,04t} \\ Q(20) &= 8986,58 \$ \end{aligned}$$

$$Q_0 = ?$$

$$Q(20) = Q_0 \cdot e^{-0,04 \cdot 20} = 8986,58$$

$$Q_0 \cdot e^{-0,8} = 8986,58 \quad /: e^{-0,8} = \cdot e^{0,8}$$

$$Q_0 = \frac{8986,58}{e^{-0,8}}$$

$$Q_0 = 8986,58 \cdot e^{0,8}$$

$$\underline{Q_0 = 20000 \$}$$

## KRIVKA UČENIASA

$$Q(t) = B - A e^{-kt}$$

PR1

$$Q(t) = 700 - 400 \cdot e^{-0,5t} = B - A e^{-kt}$$

$$1) Q(0) = ?$$

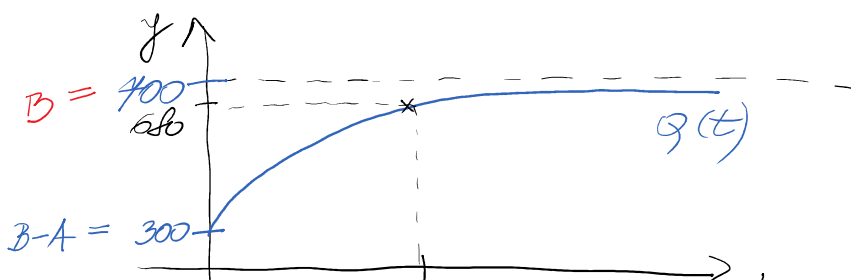
$$2) Q(6) = ?$$

$$3) \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} Q(t) = ?$$

$$1) Q(0) = 700 - 400 \cdot e^{-0,5 \cdot 0} = 700 - 400 \cdot e^0 = 700 - 400 \cdot 1 = 700 - 400 = (= B - A) = 300$$

$$2) Q(6) = 700 - 400 e^{-0,5 \cdot 6} = 700 - 400 \cdot e^{-3} = 680$$

$$3) \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} Q(t) = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} 700 - 400 \cdot e^{-0,5t} = 700 - 400 \cdot 0 = 700 (= B)$$





PR2

$$Q(0) = 300$$

$$Q(6) = 410$$

$$Q(t) = 500 - A e^{-kt}$$

$k, A = ?$

$$Q(0) = 500 - A \cdot e^{-k \cdot 0} = 300$$

$$500 - A = 300 \quad | +A - 300$$

$$A = 500 - 300 = 200$$

$$Q(t) = 500 - 200 e^{-kt}$$

$$Q(6) = 500 - 200 \cdot e^{-k \cdot 6} = 410 \quad | -410 + 200 \cdot e^{-6k}$$

$$200 e^{-6k} = 500 - 410$$

$$200 e^{-6k} = 90 \quad | :200$$

$$e^{-6k} = \frac{9}{20} \quad | \ln(\ ) \quad \frac{9}{20} = \left(\frac{20}{9}\right)^{-1}$$

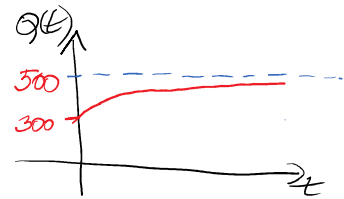
$$-6k = \ln \frac{9}{20} = -\ln \frac{20}{9}$$

$$6k = \ln \frac{20}{9} \quad | :6$$

$$k = \frac{1}{6} \ln \frac{20}{9} \doteq 0,133$$

$$Q(t) = 500 - 200 e^{-\left(\frac{1}{6} \ln \frac{20}{9}\right)t} =$$

$$= 500 - 200 e^{-0,133t}$$



LOGISTICKÁ KRIVKA

$$Q(t) = \frac{B}{1 + A e^{-Bt}}$$

PR1

$$f(t) = \frac{80}{1 + 9 \cdot e^{-0,4t}}$$

1)  $f(0) = ?$

2)  $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} f(t) = ?$

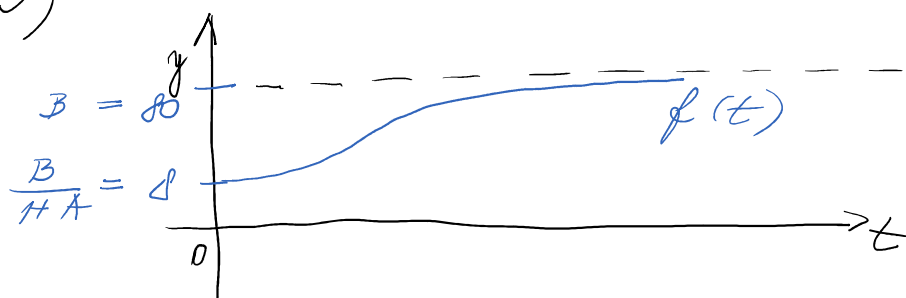
3) graf

$$4) \begin{aligned} f(3) &= ? \\ f(5) &= ? \\ f(7) &= ? \end{aligned}$$

$$1) f(0) = \frac{80}{1+9} = \frac{80}{10} = 8 \quad \left( = \frac{B}{1+A} \right)$$

$$2) \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{80}{1+9 \cdot e^{-0.14t}} = \frac{80}{1} = 80 \quad (= B)$$

3)



$$4) f(3) = \frac{80}{1+9 \cdot e^{-0.14 \cdot 3}} = 22$$

$$f(5) = \frac{80}{1+9 \cdot e^{-0.14 \cdot 5}} = 36$$

$$f(7) = \frac{80}{1+9 \cdot e^{-0.14 \cdot 7}} = 52$$

$$\text{PR 2} \quad P(t) = \frac{20}{2+3e^{-0.06t}} = \frac{20}{2(1+\frac{3}{2}e^{-0.06t})} = \frac{10}{1+\frac{3}{2}e^{-0.06t}} = \frac{10}{1+Ae^{-Bt}}$$

$$1) P(0) = ?$$

$$2) \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} P(t) = ?$$

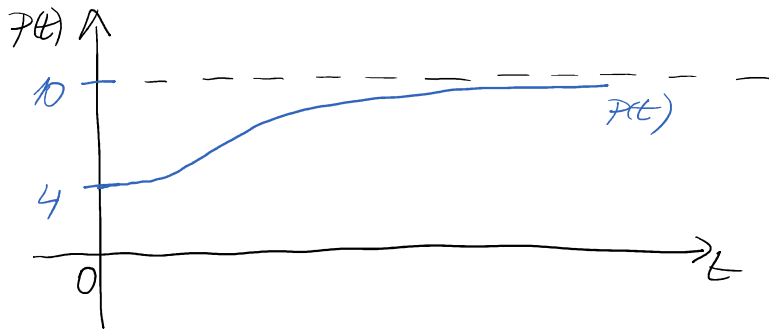
3) graf

$$4) P(15) = ?$$

$$1) P(0) = \frac{20}{2+3} = 4 \text{ milliony}$$

$$2) \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{20}{2+3 \underbrace{e^{-0.06t}}_{\rightarrow 0}} = \frac{20}{2+3 \cdot 0} = 10 \text{ mil.}$$

3)



$$4) P(15) = \frac{20}{2 + 3 e^{-0,06 \cdot 15}} = \underline{\underline{6,2117 \text{ miliónes}}}$$