

OBJEM ROTACIŔNEHO TELESŔA (obob osi x)

TREBA VEDIĚ

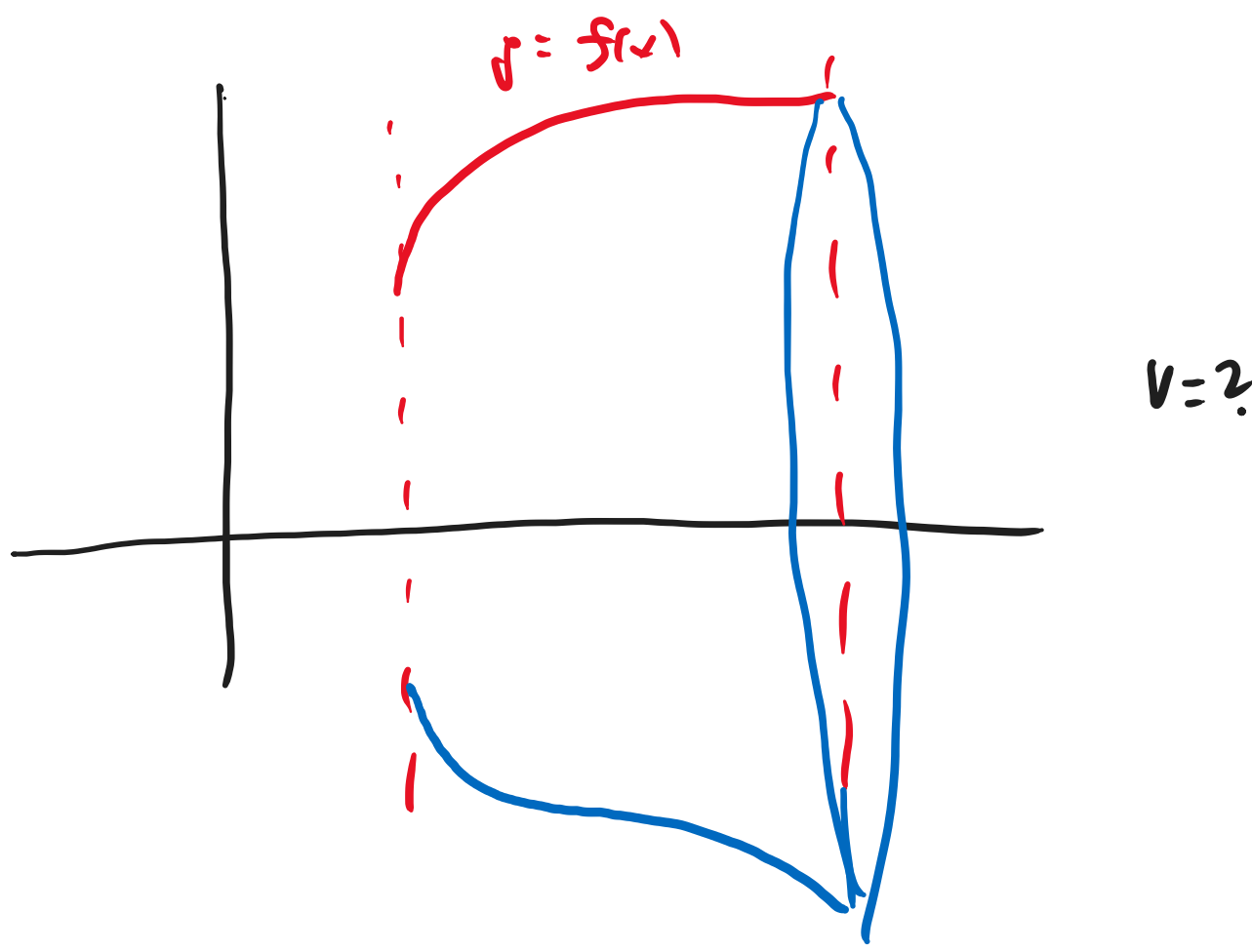
$$\int_a^b f(x) dx = \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{pm} f(t_i) \Delta x_i$$

x_i - del. body
 t_i - n' b. body

delina $\langle a, b \rangle$: $\lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{pm} \sin t_i \Delta x_i = \int_a^b \sin x dx$

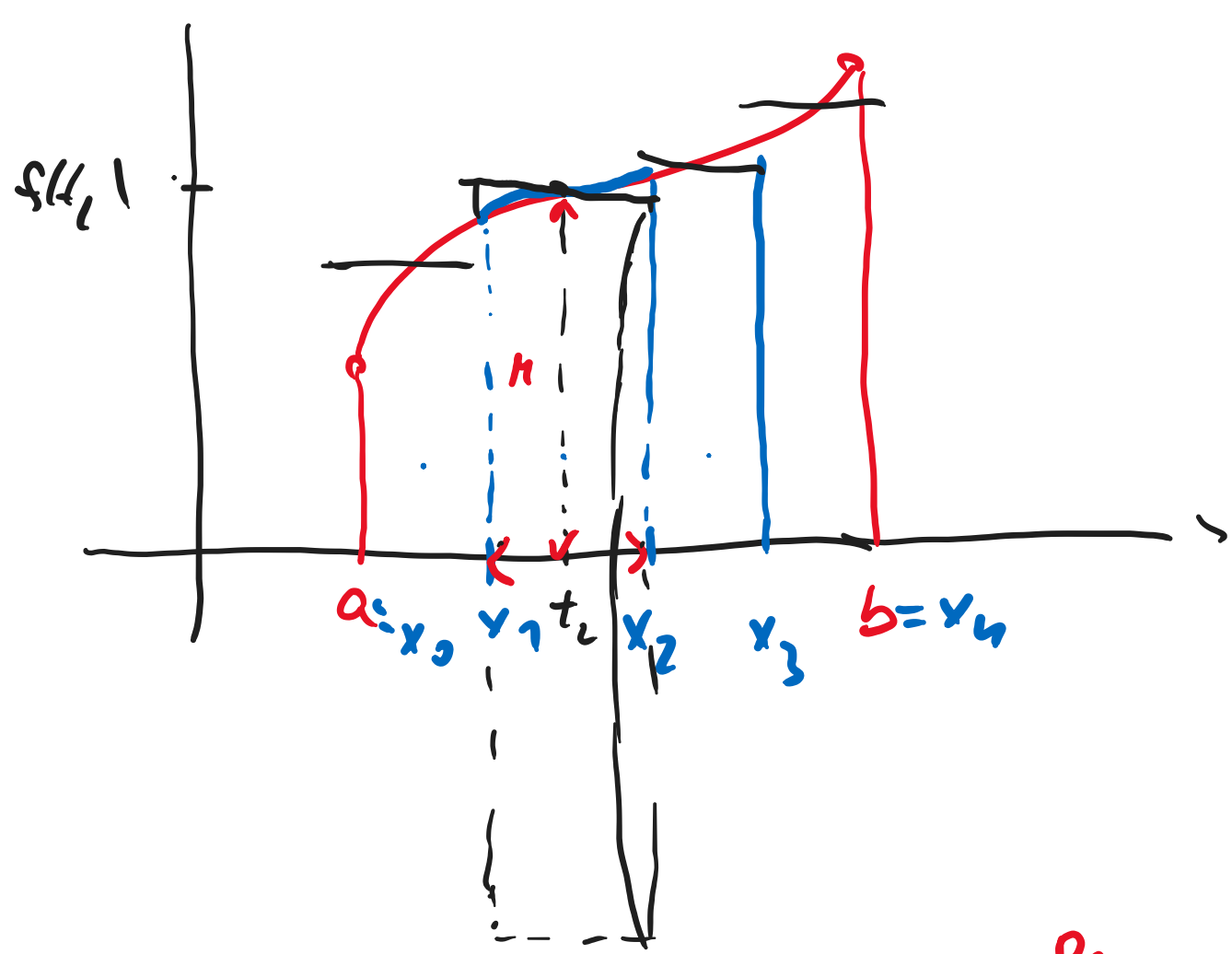
$$\lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{pm} \sqrt{1 + (f'(t_i))^2} \Delta x_i = \int_a^b \sqrt{1 + (f'(x))^2} dx$$

zaujdej tazejto linie odpoveda U.I



$f(x) > 0$ na $\langle a, b \rangle$

↳ gup rotuje obob osi x vznikne p'vnto som' deleno (no' obla v'icly jeho objem)



Acet $\{D_n\}$ je postupnost' deleni $\langle a, b \rangle$ (a so pu def: U. I)

$$V = \sum_{i=1}^{pm} V_i$$

V_i - objem i-tyho soq

fca f na i-tych soqm. no' soodi' u'redbou

$V_i \approx V(\text{valca})$ Rotaciou u'redy obla osi x vznikne valc

$$\pi r^2 h = \pi f^2(t_i) \Delta x_i$$

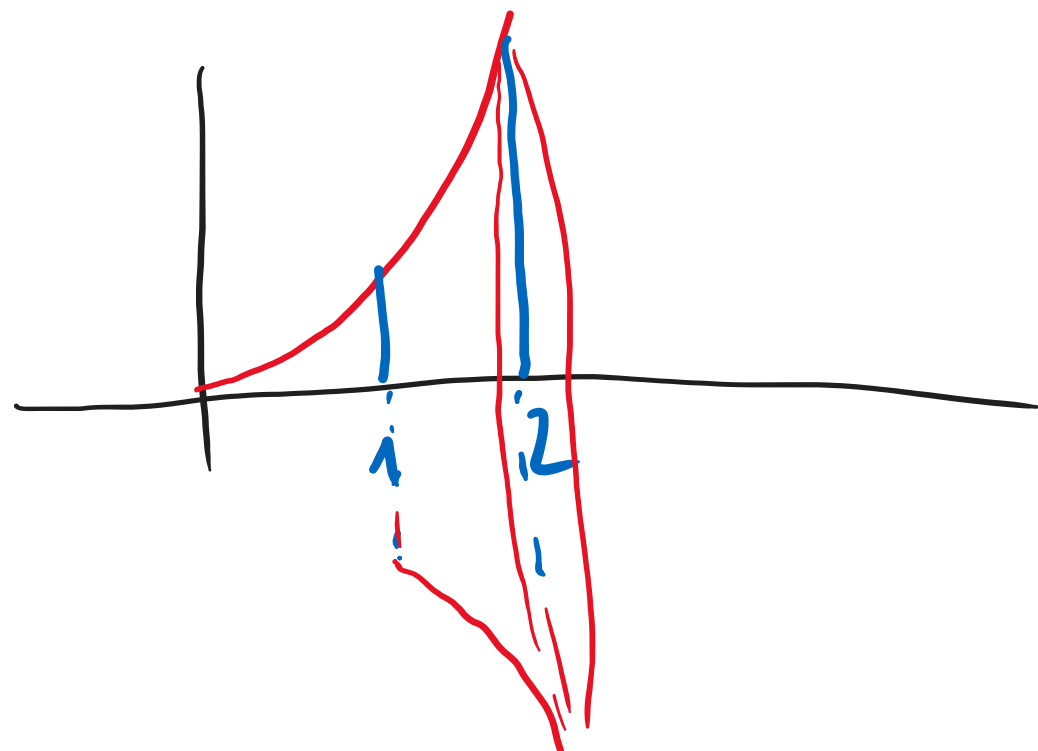
$$V \approx \pi \sum_{i=1}^{pm} f^2(t_i) \Delta x_i$$

$m \rightarrow \infty$ $\Delta x_i \rightarrow 0$

$$V = \pi \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{pm} f^2(t_i) \Delta x_i = \pi \int_a^b f^2(x) dx$$

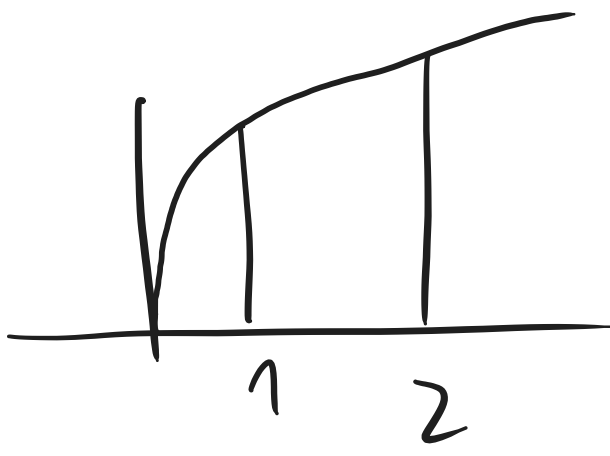
V'icrec pu objem rotac'neho telena. 0.0.

V rotac. telena? a2 rotuje $y = x^2$ na $\langle 1, 2 \rangle$



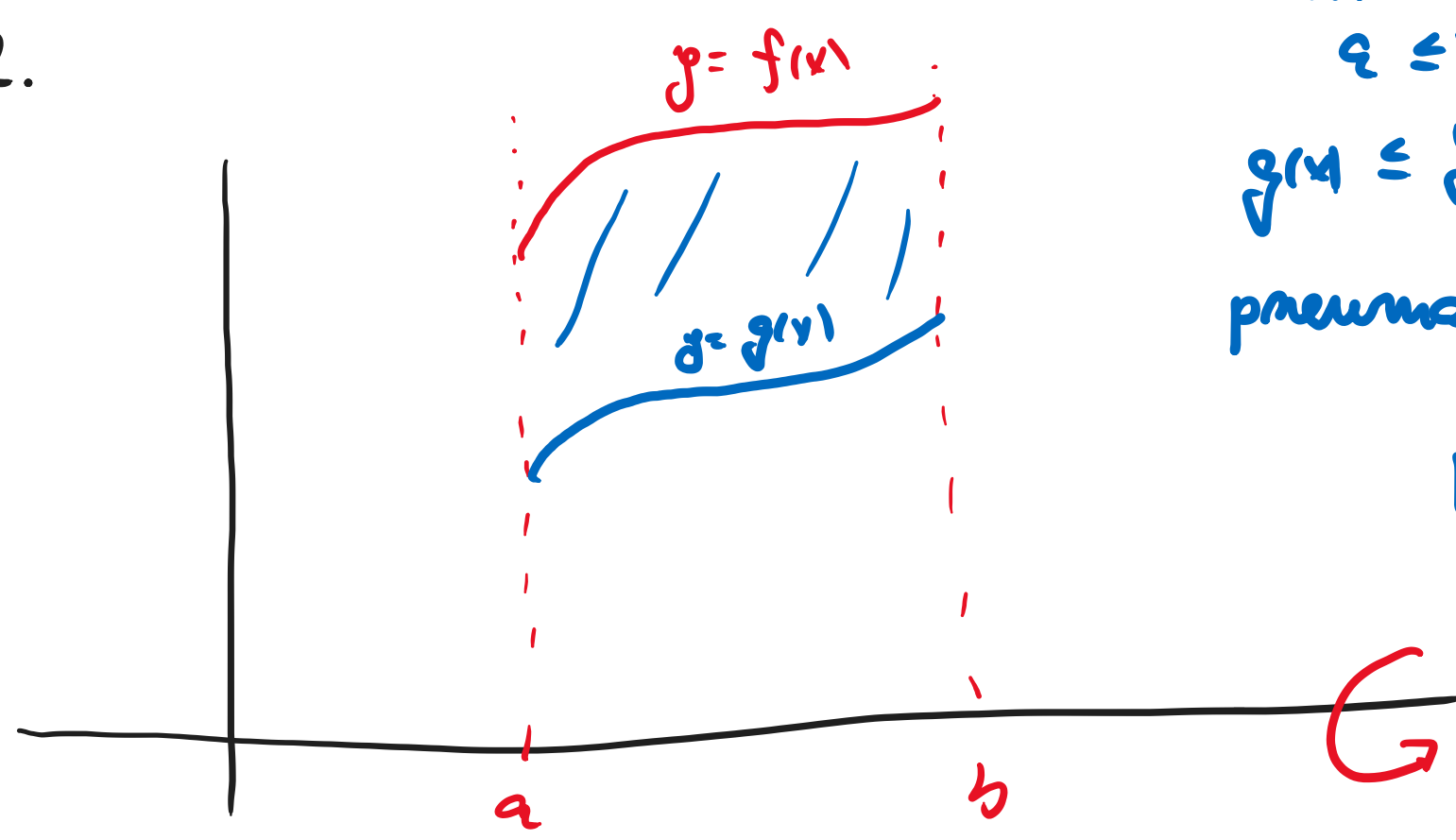
$$V = \pi \int_1^2 (x^2)^2 dx = \pi \int_1^2 x^4 dx = \pi \left. \frac{x^5}{5} \right|_1^2$$

π $V = ?$ a2 $y = \sqrt{x}$ na $\langle 1, 2 \rangle$



$$V = \pi \int_1^2 (\sqrt{x})^2 dx = \pi \int_1^2 x dx = \dots$$

Zn'v'icob.



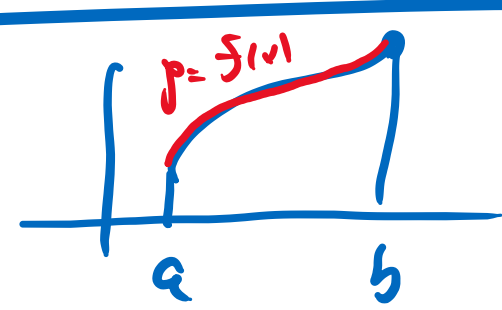
A: $a \leq x \leq b$ toto tel

$g(x) \leq y \leq f(x)$

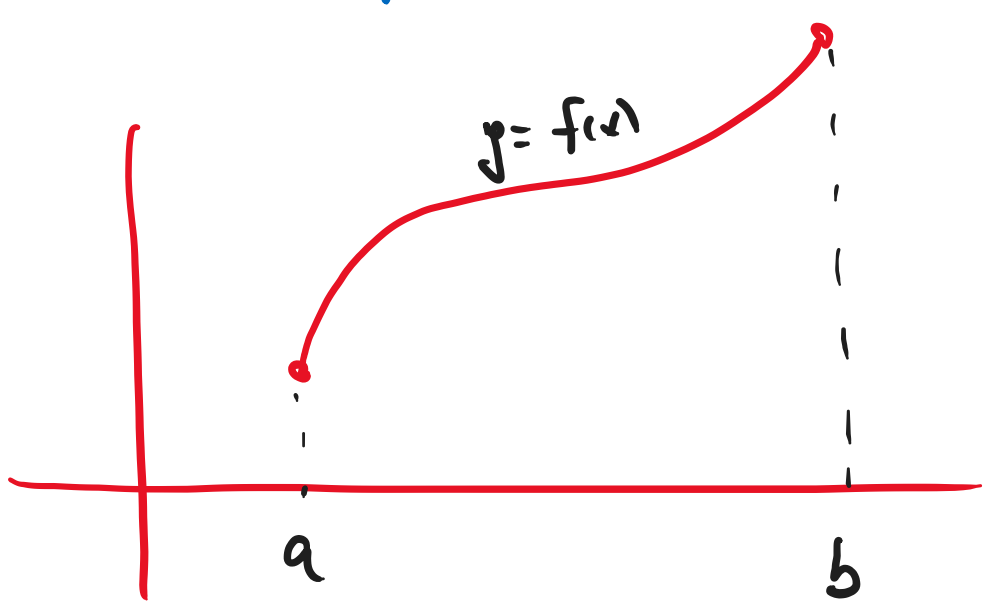
pneumoliza

$$V = \pi \int_a^b f^2(x) - g^2(x) dx$$

$$\int_1^2 \sin v dv = ?$$

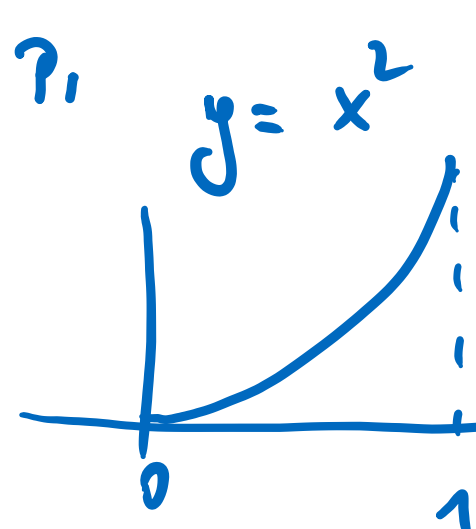


Priemerne' hodnota fca



$$l = \int_a^b \sqrt{1 + (f'(x))^2} dx$$

PROBLEM



$$l = \int_0^1 \sqrt{1 + 4x^2} dx$$

$$y' = 2x$$

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+4x^2}}{1} dx = \int \frac{1+4x^2}{\sqrt{1+4x^2}} dx = (\text{A} + \text{B}) \sqrt{1+4x^2} + \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+4x^2}} dx$$

ZP = P(A) = ? V = ?